Diana Coholic, Ph.D., RSW School of Social Work



Arts-Based Mindfulness
Methods II

Webinar for CASW April 15, 2020







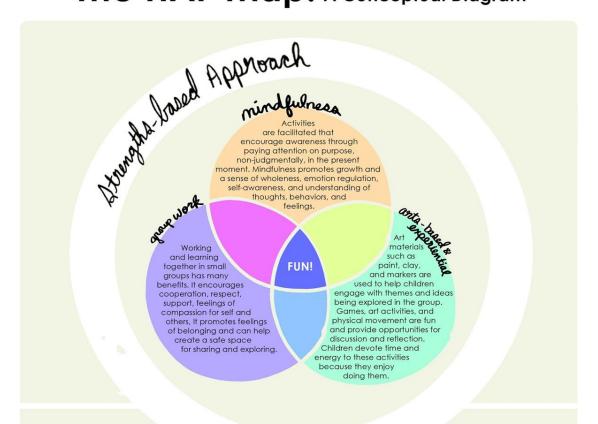


- Q: Can you tell me what HAP activities are best suited for younger kids - grade 3 students?
- Q: Should kids/youth be calm before trying mindfulness exercises? What do you suggest for kids with high energy? I'm worried the participants I work with won't calm enough for these mindfulness techniques to benefit them. Some kids run so high, I'm not sure they could settle enough to focus on breathing (for example).
- Q: I'm wondering if/how narrative approaches are incorporated into group settings with kids (i.e. Is there discussion around children's experiences or is the HAP program focused specifically on mindfulness and art based?)
- Q. I am wondering if there are any limitations for social workers who do not hold an arts therapy degree?
- Q: Do you ever have mandated kids or adults come and how does that work out?

Caution

- Learning and practicing mindfulness is not going to appeal to everyone and it is not a panacea for all of our challenges.
- Importantly, there may be people who need to learn grounding and containment techniques first before they will be comfortable focusing on their breathing or meditating.
- Burrows (2018) stated that we need to better understand the potential drawbacks of introducing mindfulness as some people may feel worse as a result of meditating. She found that for students who were dealing with emotionally charged issues, meditation could bring about feelings of disconnection, feeling emotionally overwhelmed, and heightened self-criticism.

The HAP Map: A Conceptual Diagram



Program Goals

- Teaching and facilitating mindfulness skills and concepts in accessible, relevant and meaningful ways
- 2. Improving self-awareness and understanding/expression of feelings, thoughts, and behaviors
 - 3. Developing self-compassion and empathy
 - Recognizing and shoring up strengths

These objectives lead to the development of other abilities and skills such as improved mood and coping/social skills, better emotion regulation and self-esteem, and more effective performance at school.

HAP and Resilience

- Participating in HAP can improve mindfulness and resilience, which includes self-awareness, emotion regulation, feelings of confidence, self-esteem, and improved mood and coping skills.
- The participants enjoy the arts-based approach and experience it as non-threatening, inclusive, and fun.
- Creative methods with youth have long been accepted within helping professions as it is understood that youth communicate many of their thoughts/feelings nonverbally through creative activity. The methods are engaging.
- The most important element of a program might be that it involves activities youths (and adults) enjoy.

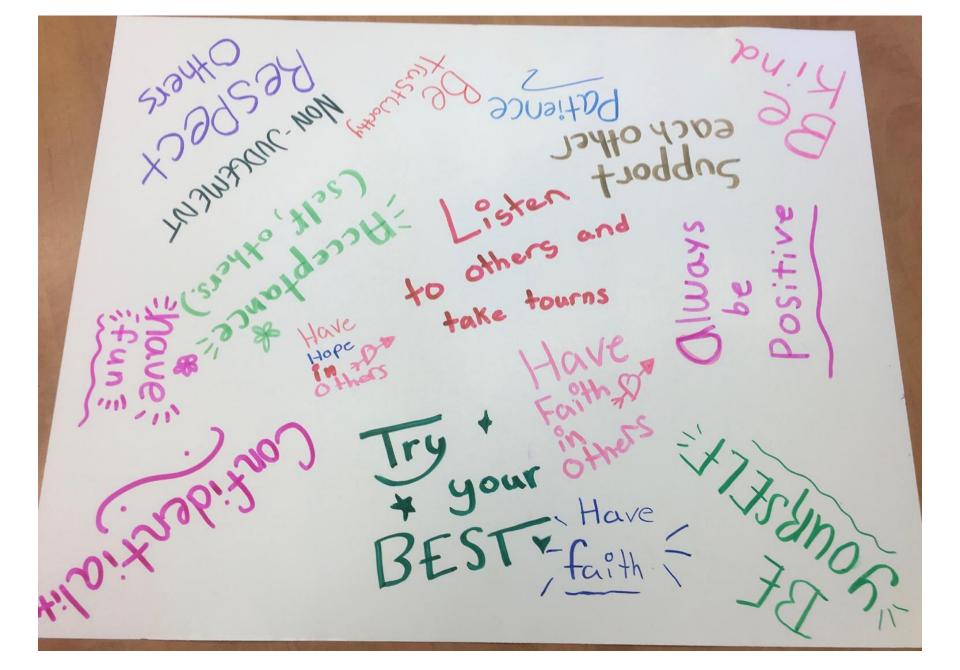
 An art-based approach focused on strengths can accommodate diversity in capacities and can create a safe context wherein participants who feel vulnerable can be helped over time to take risks to share aspects of their lives, thoughts, and feelings.



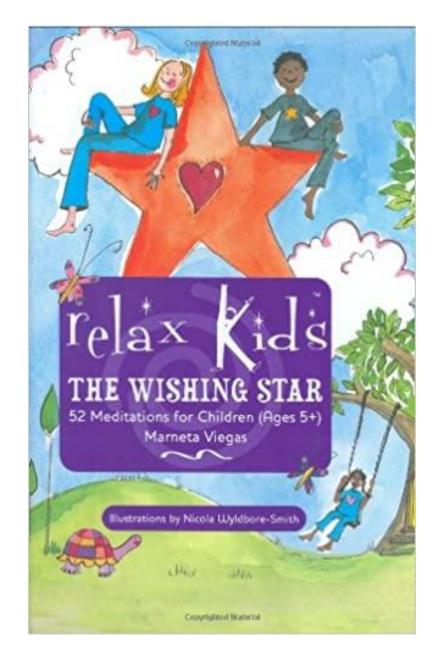
Strengths-Based Approach

- Perspective/world view that determines how we view people & their challenges
- A focus on abilities rather than deficits & problems = success
- Equality & collaboration are emphasized rather than hierarchy & expert (top-down) approach.





- Q: Can you tell me what HAP activities are best suited for younger kids - grade 3 students?
- Q: Should kids/youth be calm before trying mindfulness exercises? What do you suggest for kids with high energy? I'm worried the participants I work with won't calm enough for these mindfulness techniques to benefit them. Some kids run so high, I'm not sure they could settle enough to focus on breathing (for example).
- Q: I'm wondering if/how narrative approaches are incorporated into group settings with kids (i.e. Is there discussion around children's experiences or is the HAP program focused specifically on mindfulness and art based?)
- Q. I am wondering if there are any limitations for social workers who do not hold an arts therapy degree?
- Q: Do you ever have mandated kids or adults come and how does that work out?



Marneta Viegas, 2004

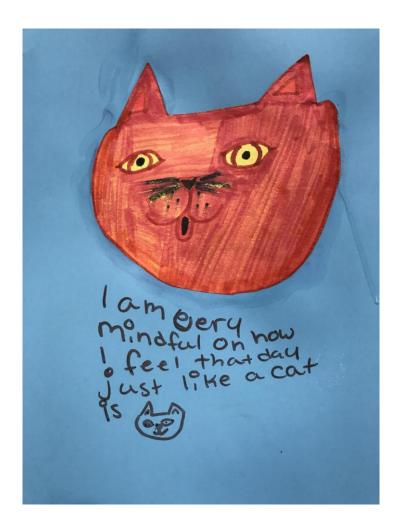
Use Clay to Promote Attention & Use of Imagination





Example – Mindful Eating

 Using a script versus facilitating a conversational dialogue about mindful eating



Example – We Are All Connected





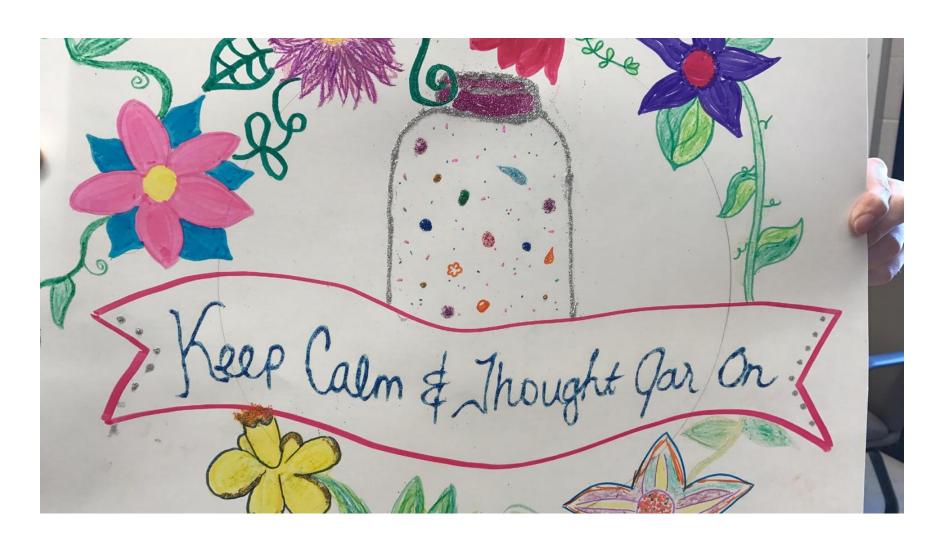
"The colors...represented something that I was feeling in my life. The red is because I love lots...I tell my daughter all the time how much I love her. And the green represented the jealousy I tend to have when it comes to my relationships...the blue is because I was sad, I have lost a few good men in my life this year...then being so young made me realize that I don't want to die tomorrow and leave this world miserable...

And when I did the purple it meant...being healthy and happy...the pipe cleaner, I have big issues with the way I look...then the arms here were because I always have my arms open, I'm always helping somebody...And then the black was just because my hair is long and dark...

not really knowing what I was feeling while I was doing [the exercise]...wow, I guess I was feeling a lot more than I thought when I was making it."

Coholic, D., Cote-Meek, S., & Recollet, D. (2013). Exploring the acceptability and perceived benefits of arts-based group methods for aboriginal women living in an urban community within northeastern Ontario. *Canadian Social Work Review*, 29 (2), 149-168.

Examples - Group Symbol



Group Symbol



Group Symbol



- Q: Can you tell me what HAP activities are best suited for younger kids - grade 3 students?
- Q: Should kids/youth be calm before trying mindfulness exercises? What do you suggest for kids with high energy? I'm worried the participants I work with won't calm enough for these mindfulness techniques to benefit them. Some kids run so high, I'm not sure they could settle enough to focus on breathing (for example).
- Q: I'm wondering if/how narrative approaches are incorporated into group settings with kids (i.e. Is there discussion around children's experiences or is the HAP program focused specifically on mindfulness and art based?)
- Q. I am wondering if there are any limitations for social workers who do not hold an arts therapy degree?
- Q: Do you ever have mandated kids or adults come and how does that work out?

Tai Chi: "Little Grass"

- (a) Visualize yourself as a little blade of grass blowing in the wind. Your whole body is soft. (Inhale)
- (b) Bow down from your waist. (Exhale)
- (c) Dangle your arms down towards the floor and move your arms/hands from side to side. Breathe in and out slowly to match the movement.

Focus on how soft you can be. You can stand up against any big storm when you are flexible.



Painting to Music

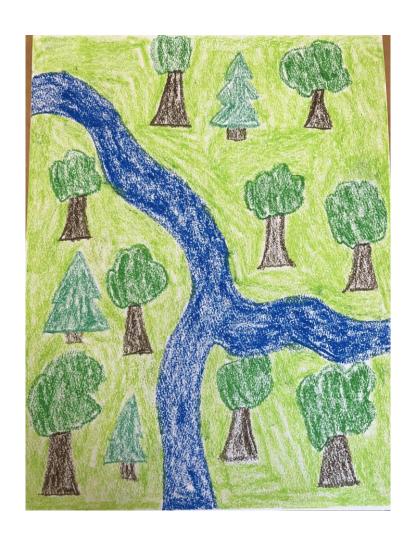


Example – Camouflage activity



- Q: Can you tell me what HAP activities are best suited for younger kids - grade 3 students?
- Q: Should kids/youth be calm before trying mindfulness exercises? What do you suggest for kids with high energy? I'm worried the participants I work with won't calm enough for these mindfulness techniques to benefit them. Some kids run so high, I'm not sure they could settle enough to focus on breathing (for example).
- Q: I'm wondering if/how narrative approaches are incorporated into group settings with kids (i.e. Is there discussion around children's experiences or is the HAP program focused specifically on mindfulness and art based?)
- Q. I am wondering if there are any limitations for social workers who do not hold an arts therapy degree?
- Q: Do you ever have mandated kids or adults come and how does that work out?

Example (Me as a River)



Moving Forward...

- We need to do better within helping professions listening to youth about what they need and want.
- We have learned from the 300+ youth we have worked with in HAP that most are in need of spaces where they can join with peers and build positive relationships & they need to be engaged in activities that are strengths-based, engaging, and that foster success.
- In our experiences, many of the youth lack adults in their lives who really listen to them and places where they can be authentic.

Social Group Work

- A deliberate use of group work means that facilitators are consciously encouraging the development of:
 - group cohesion
 - a sense of belonging
 - mutual aid where group members help one another.



Belonging

- Experiencing a sense of belonging has its own benefits for improving aspects of resilience, self-awareness, and self-esteem.
- We need to create environments where people feel comfortable and engaged so that they are open to challenging themselves and learning new skills & abilities.

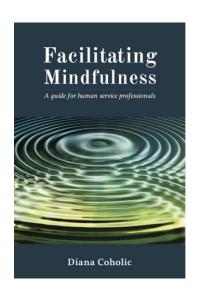
Resources

Facilitating Mindfulness (2018): In this 12-minute video, the concept of mindfulness is discussed and HAP team members describe their experiences learning and practicing mindfulness:

https://youtu.be/pNPTyG20YT0

Book - Facilitating Mindfulness: A guide for human service professionals:

https://www.northrose.ca/northrose-titles.html



Follow our Work

Email me @: dcoholic@laurentian.ca

Website: www.dianacoholic.com

Facebook: @artsbasedmindfulness

Instagram: hap_group

Twitter: @DianaCoholic